Improving Lives with Trees

With the planting of one tree, Dr. Wangari Maathai started a campaign that touched countless lives.

(1) Her efforts have helped people across Africa improve air, water, and soil quality, not to mention protect plant and animal species from *extinction*.

(2) Scientists warn about the *deterioration* of our natural world. On the continent of Africa, human activity has harmed much of the environment and the people who live in it. Air quality has gotten worse.

(3) Pollution has sped the *corrosion* of metal in buildings. Polluted air is increasing lung disease, heart disease, and cancer. (4) Many of us identify unhealthy air with *rancid* smells, but air does not have to smell bad to be harmful.

One of Africa's most important environmental problems is deforestation, the loss of trees and forest plants. As Africa's population expands, more and more people are cutting down trees for firewood, construction materials, and farming space. But cutting down forests without replanting them leads to long-term problems. In addition to producing oxygen, living trees and plants remove carbon dioxide—a gas that causes global warming—from the air. (5) They also prevent the depletion of soil by anchoring it in place. Forested land acts as a sponge, absorbing water, filtering out pollutants, and then releasing the water slowly and steadily. But soil with no roots to anchor it can be blown away or washed away in fast-moving floods. (6) This results in the spreading of contaminants and the clogging of streams. The land that remains often cannot be used to grow crops. (7) Finally, since many plants and animals live in forests, deforestation has led to the annihilation of many species.



(8) Dr. Wangari Maathai has worked to *curtail* these trends. (9) She saw her home country of Kenya increasingly *squandering* its rich environment through deforestation. She decided to plant native trees in her own backyard; then she encouraged other women to plant them. By these simple actions, she founded what is now known as the Green Belt Movement.

The results of her efforts have been dramatic. Women in countries across Africa have planted more than 30 million trees! (10) They have begun to *negate* some of the harm done by deforestation. By paying women to plant these trees, the Green Belt Movement has provided communities with both a healthier environment and needed income.

Besides intelligence, Dr. Maathai has shown incredible courage. In the past, she has been beaten and jailed for protesting deforestation. More recently, however, her efforts have been rewarded. She was named Deputy Environmental Minister of Kenya. She has also received international recognition. In 2004, she was the first African woman to receive the Nobel Peace Prize.

Each sentence below refers to a numbered sentence in the passage. Write the letter o
the choice that gives the sentence a meaning that is closest to the original sentence.

1.	Her efforts have helped protect plant and animal species from					
	a. reversal		b. pollution	c go g	c. disappearance	d. rotting
- 5 *		0 8 9				

2. Scientists warn about the _____ of our natural world.
a. revolution b. protection c. smell d. worsening

3. Pollution has sped the _____ of metal in buildings.
a. gradual destruction b. slow removal c. emptying out d. rapid development

4. Many of us identify unhealthy air with _____ smells.
a. fresh, clean b. rotten, foul c. impure d. gone forever

AME _	-			DATE						
	- 4	m 1	a facil by one	horing it in place						
	5.	They also prevent the a. emptying out	e of soil by and b. oxidation	c. reversal	d. cutting short					
	6.	This results in the sp	reading of							
9 , es	-	a. leaves	b. impurities	c. spoiled fats	d. rust					
40 E	7.	Deforestation has led	d to the of man	y species.						
		a. spread	b. spoilage	c. complete destructio	n d. cleaning up					
1 No. 2	8.		i has worked to		d. lessen					
		a. destroy	b. boost	c. drive	u. lessen					
1 8.77 T	9.	She saw Kenya incre	asingly its envi b. rusting	ronment. c. benefiting	d. wasting					
	40									
94 , F 1	10.	a. rot	b. pollute	rm done by deforestation. c. reverse	d. increase					
Tarrare	1			or II - t di						
ndicate	1 304		그 시 그렇게 다양하다 하죠?	SE according to the passage.						
6 E	1.	Humans rely on plan	nts for food, oxygen, and	d clean water.	ing the property of the					
	2.	Dr. Wangari Maatha	i has received nothing b	ut praise for her efforts to figl	nt					
		deforestation.								
		Dw Maethai was tha		win a Nobel Peace Price.	"His by "Livery of a gr					
35.5	T E			Will trober reactives						
w R I	LTE	THE DER	IVATIVE		water gray in					
	10.	t berweitin	a the correct form of th	e word shown in						
parentl	heses	Von may not need to	o change the form that	O. 1. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.						
		1 His	of the bank accou	unt soon caused checks to bot	ince. (deplete)					
N ALE	7.	2. Mercu	ry from landfills and fro	om the burning of coal has alr	eady many					
	7	of the	fish we eat. (contaminal	(e)	nikaraj aktiji					
egae ^{ch} .	1 50	3. The on the ship's hull made it look speckled. (corrode)								
4. The of a species means the loss of valuable plants or animals.										
2,0	2.	(annil	hilate)							
	1.364	5. The k	nee injury the	skater's career. (curtail)						
1 000	, Fa	6. Mental is a symptom of many different diseases. (deteriorate)								
		7. His r	natural speed was	_ by his lack of endurance. (1	negate)					
	30 41	8. Breed	ding animals in a zoo ha	as saved some species from	(extinct)					
ii - i - ii		9. The	trash smelled so	_ that I wished I'd been born	without a nose.					
		(rand	cid) ;		18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
	9 P.	10 . Do y	ou think that watching	television your time?	(squander)					
-		100	version and management of the second							