

# Complete Sentences


1. Start with a capital letter 

2. Have end punctuation (. ? !)

3. Have a subject (S)

4. Have a verb (V)

5. Make sense  $\longleftrightarrow$

 S  $\longleftrightarrow$  V .?!

# The Subject

The person, place, thing,  
quality, or idea that the  
sentence is about.

*It will be a noun or pronoun*

## Examples:

<u>He</u> went for a walk.	(Person)
<u>Jenna</u> went for a walk.	(Person)
The <u>store</u> was closed.	(Place)
<u>Balloons</u> rose into the sky.	(Things)
<u>Silence</u> filled the streets.	(Quality)
<u>Peace</u> was declared at midnight.	(Idea)

# **Verb**

**A word that shows the  
action or state-of-being  
of the subject.**

# Action Verb

A word that shows the  
action of the subject  
of the sentence.

## Examples:

### Body actions

walk

run

### Mind actions

think

want

# **Linking Verbs**

**Words that link the subject  
to another word that  
describes the subject.**

**Am**

**Was**

**Are**

**Were**

**Is**

**Seem**

**Be**

**Been**

**Become**

# **Helping Verbs**

**Words that help  
the main verb show the  
action in a sentence.**

# Helping Verbs

am  
are

is

can  
could

may  
might  
must

do  
does  
did

shall  
should

has  
have  
had

was  
were

will  
would

be            being            been

# **Adjective**

**A word that describes a noun.**

# **Main Subject**

**The one word that  
best tells what the sentence  
is about.**



# Prepositions

1. Prepositions show \_\_\_\_\_ between other words in the sentence. For example, in the sentence *The plane is on the runway*, the preposition *on* shows the relationship between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

2. A preposition is always followed by a \_\_\_\_\_.

3. \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = prepositional phrase.

On + table = on the table

4. Here is another way to think of it: Prepositional phrases tell where, when, or how an action took place.

We ate dinner in the evening.

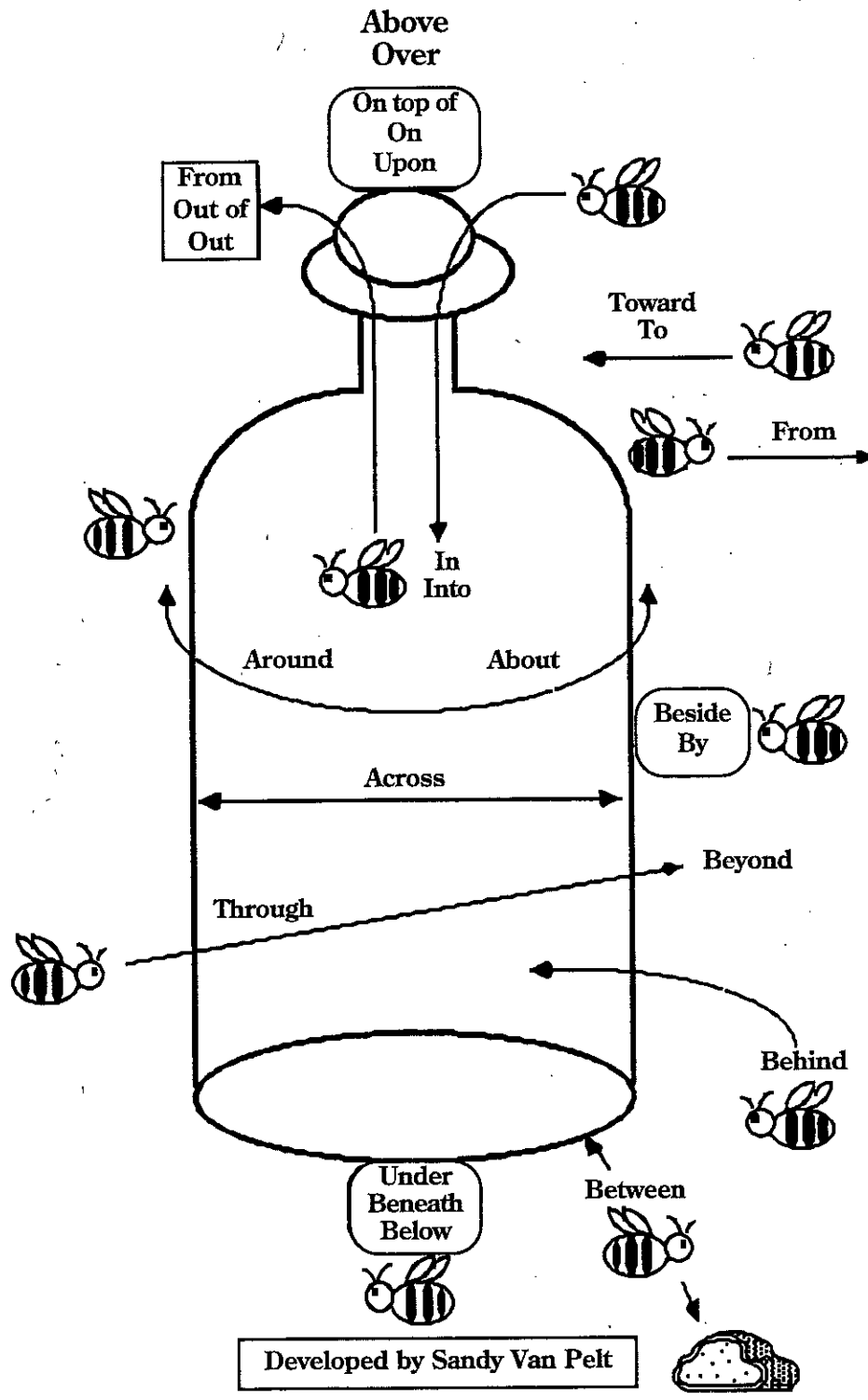
I went to the store.

5. They can also tell what kind or which one.

The poem is about a horse.

The players on the team were late.

# A Bee Flies \_\_\_\_\_ the Bottle



# Prepositions

about	down	past
above	during	
across		since
after	except	
against		through
along	for	throughout
amid	from	to
among		toward
around	in	
at	inside	under
	into	underneath
before		until
behind	like	up
below		upon
beneath	near	
		with
beside	of	within
between	off	without
beyond	on	
by	over	
	out	
	outside of	

# Infinitives

An infinitive is *to + a verb*

## Examples:

to run

to jump

to speak

to think

to try

## WARNING!

Do not confused infinitives and prepositional phrases.  
Prepositional phrases will contain a noun or pronoun and  
infinitives will contain a verb. Try a few:

to see

to write

to bed

to go

to the store

to town