Thought and Belief

WORD LIST

contemplate conviction lucid

disseminate profound

engross puritanical intuition sanctify

What we think and what we believe help define us as people. The words in this lesson involve thinking, believing, or elements of both. As you study each word, try to determine which concept or concepts are involved.

- 1. contemplate (kon'tem-plat') verb To consider carefully and thoughtfully
 - Mario contemplated a career in physics.

contemplation noun After much contemplation, Tyrone decided to run for public office.

contemplative adjective The monks began their contemplative day with prayer.

- 2. conviction (kən-vik shən) noun from Latin convincere, "to overcome"
 - a. A very strong belief or opinion
 - Nothing could shake Julio's conviction that logging should be prevented in wildlife areas.
 - **b.** Being found guilty
 - Angelo hoped he could avoid conviction for receiving stolen property.

convict verb The jury convicted the company of polluting the local water supply.

- 3. disseminate (dĭ-sem´ə-nāt´) verb from Latin dis, "apart"
 - + seminare, "to plant"

To make widely known; to spread

 Teachers disseminated information about the new school schedule to all students and families.

dissemination noun The law prohibits dissemination of campaign materials inside polling places.

- 4. engross (ĕn-grōs') verb from Latin en-, "in" + grossus, "thick" To occupy the mind completely, absorb
 - Patricia was so engrossed in her book that she didn't hear the bell ring.



disseminate

- 5. intuition (ĭn´tōō-ĭsh´ən) noun from Latin intueri, "to look at" A feeling; a sense; understanding gained without thinking
 - Fred's intuition told him not to enter the cave.

intuitive adjective I simply had an intuitive feeling that Sammie Jo was going to be my friend.

- **6.** lucid (loo sid) adjective from Latin lucere, "to shine" Easily understood; clear
 - The prosecutor gave a **lucid** summary of the evidence against the defendant.

lucidity noun In a rare moment of lucidity, the Alzheimer patient recognized his wife.

- 7. moral (môr əl) from Latin mor, "custom"
 - a. adjective Conforming to a standard of right or good behavior
 - Stealing is certainly not moral behavior.
 - b. noun The lesson taught by a story, a fable, or an event
 - The fable "The Tortoise and the Hare" has the following moral: Slow and steady wins the race.

moralize *verb* Some parents can't help but **moralize** when they lecture their children.

morality noun Religious leaders are generally concerned with issues of morality.

8. profound (pro-found') adjective from Latin pro-, "toward" + fundus, "bottom"

Deep; deeply thought or reasoned

• Geraldine made several **profound** points in her discussion of the democratic process.

profundity *noun* The **profundity** of silence blanketed the funeral procession.

- **9.** puritanical (pyŏor´i-tăn´i-kəl) adjective from Latin purus, "pure" Strict in matters of religious or moral conduct
 - Katrina thought it was **puritanical** of her parents not to let her date until she was eighteen.

puritan noun Our school dress code must have been invented by a bunch of **puritans**.

- **10.** sanctify (săngk tə-fī') verb To make holy or sacred
 - Mamet and Ayba sanctified their marriage with a church ceremony.

A *lucid* argument is well reasoned and based on excellent logic.

Puritanical comes from an English Protestant religion of the 1600s. The Puritans, many of whom fled to the American colonies, advocated strict morality.

WORD ENRICHMENT

Getting to the bottom

The word profound, or "deep," comes from the Latin word fundus, or "bottom." There are other common words that come from fundus. Something fundamental lies at the base or bottom of other things, as in fundamental laws of nature. A foundation also lies at the bottom of a building. The common word found, also based on fundus, can mean "to start" or "to lay the foundation," as in He founded a new club.